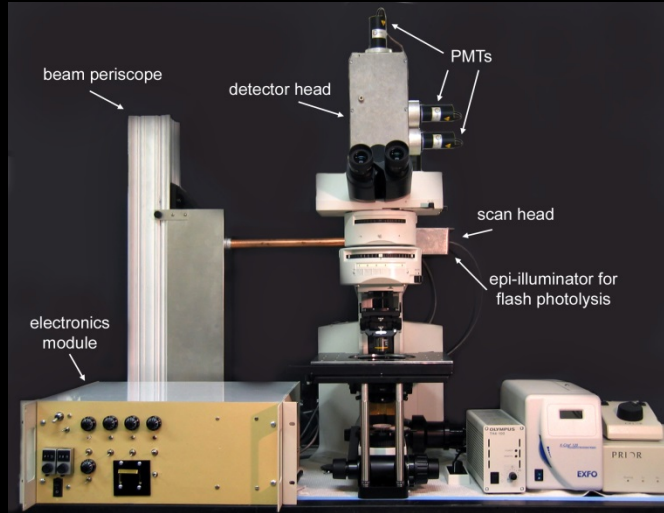


# Observing Microorganisms

Ch. 3

# Units of Measurement

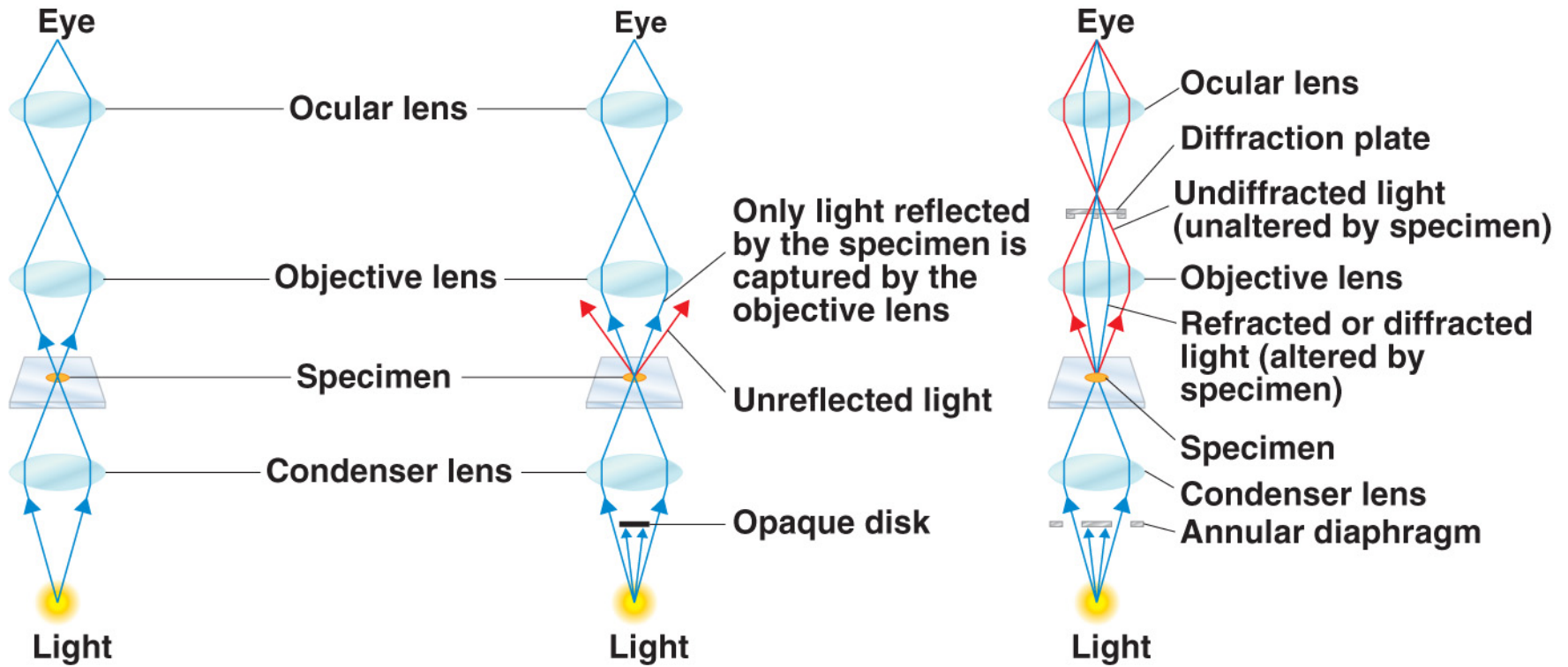
# Microscope Types



- What does it mean when a microscope has a resolution of 0.2 nm?

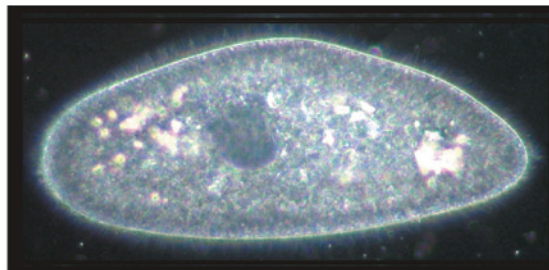
# Variations on light microscopy

- Dark field
- Phase-contrast
- Fluorescence



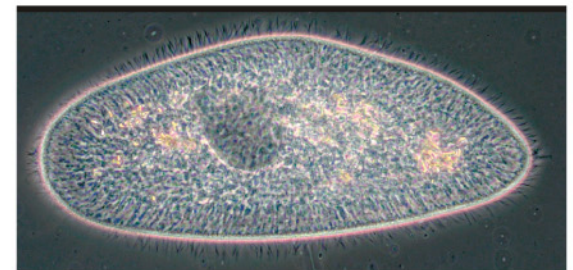
LM 20  $\mu$ m

(a) Brightfield



LM 20  $\mu$ m

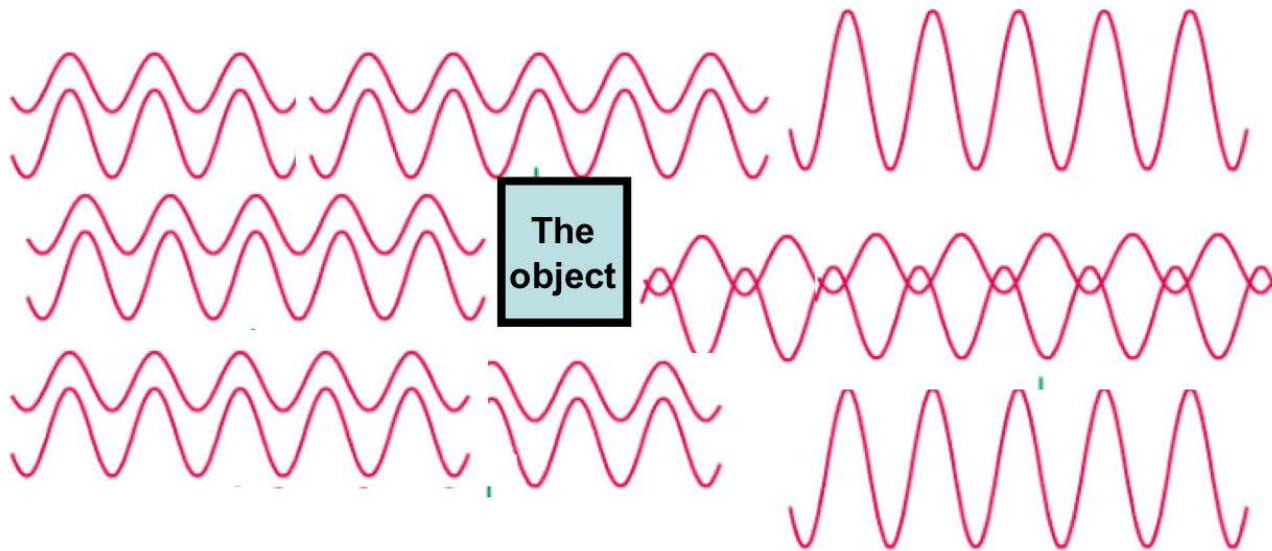
(b) Darkfield



LM 20  $\mu$ m

(c) Phase-contrast

# Phase-contrast



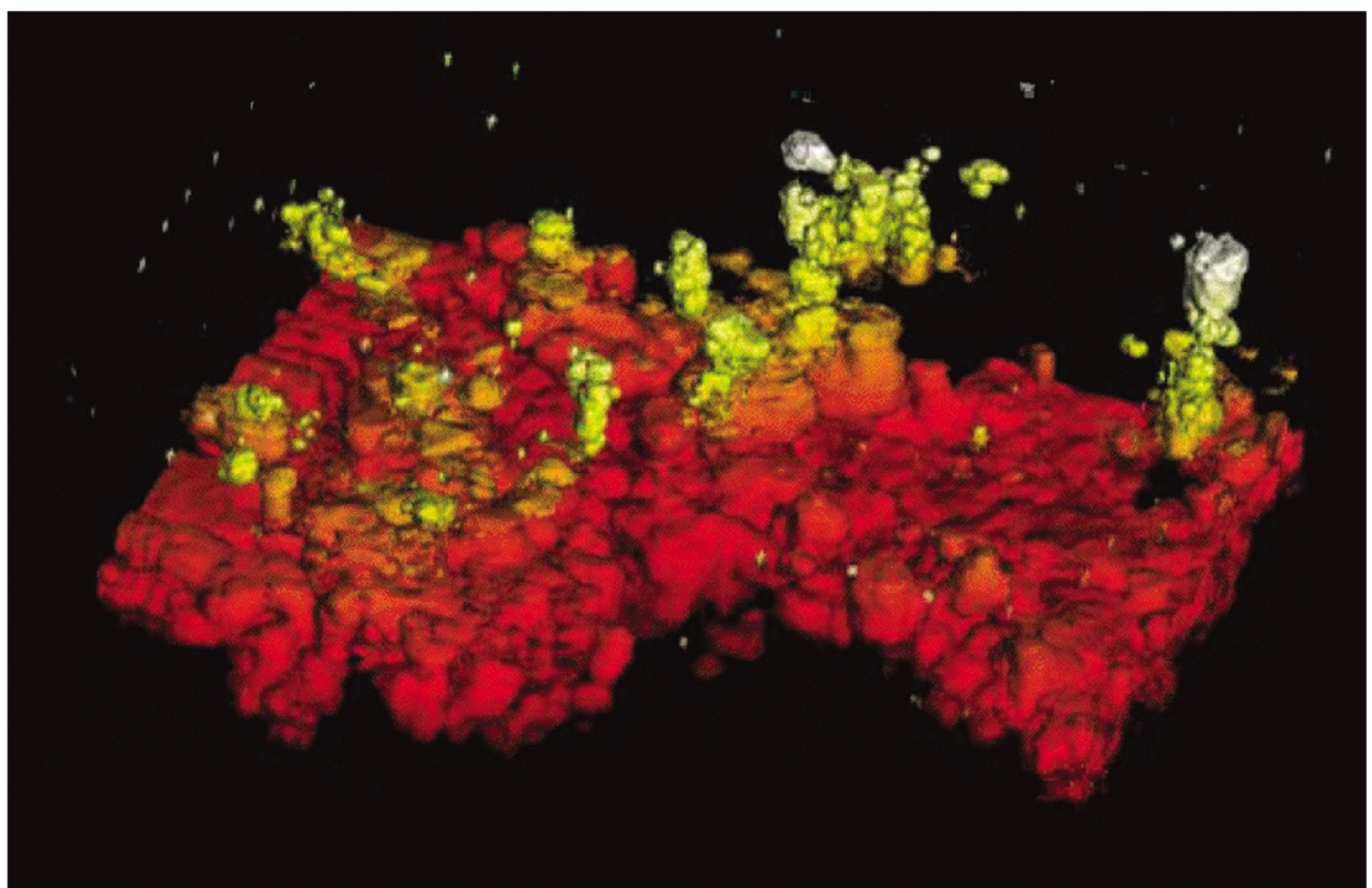
**Additive  
= bright**

**Cancels out  
= see a dark line**

**Additive  
= bright**



# Scanning acoustic microscopy



SAM

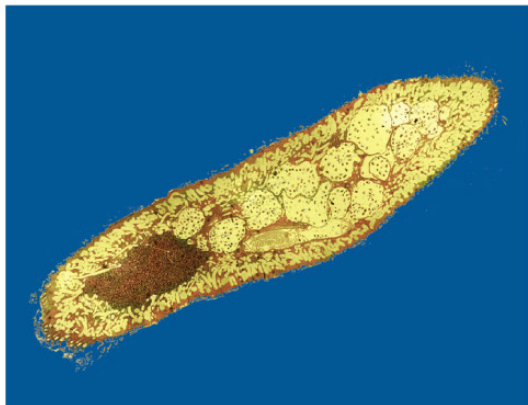
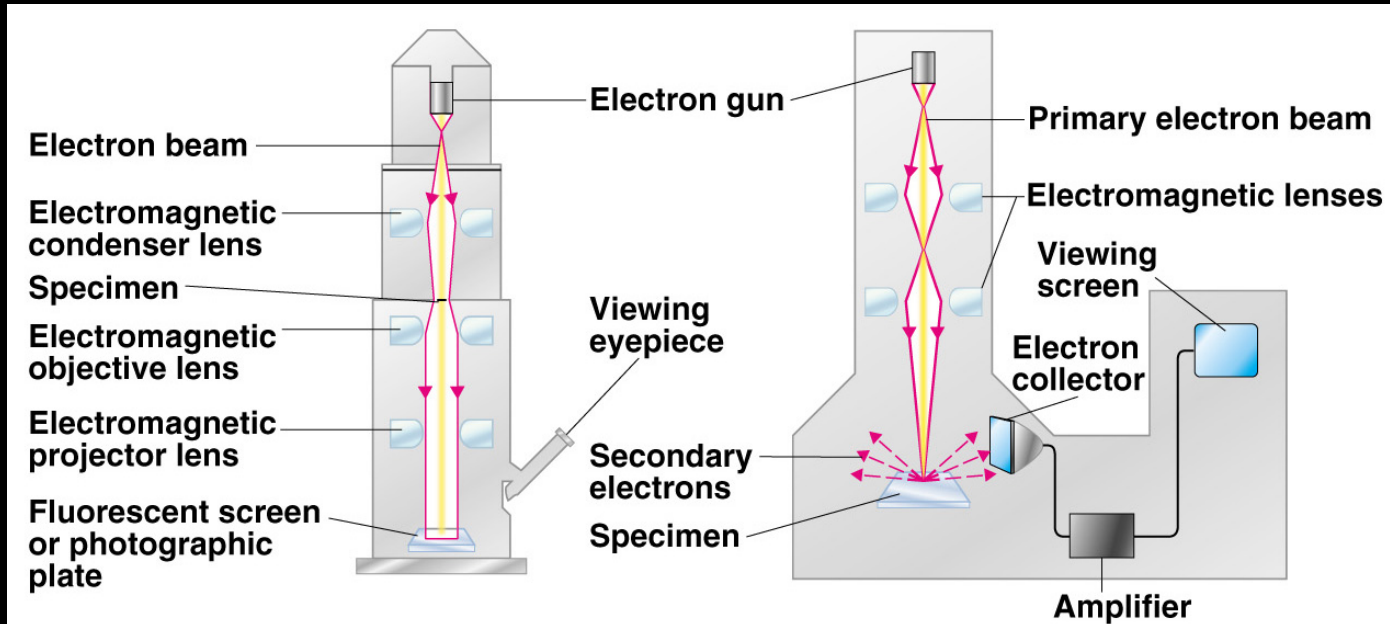
170  $\mu\text{m}$



# Electron microscopy

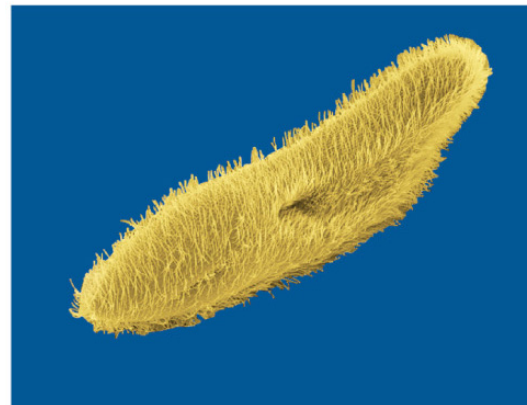


# Electron microscopy



(a)

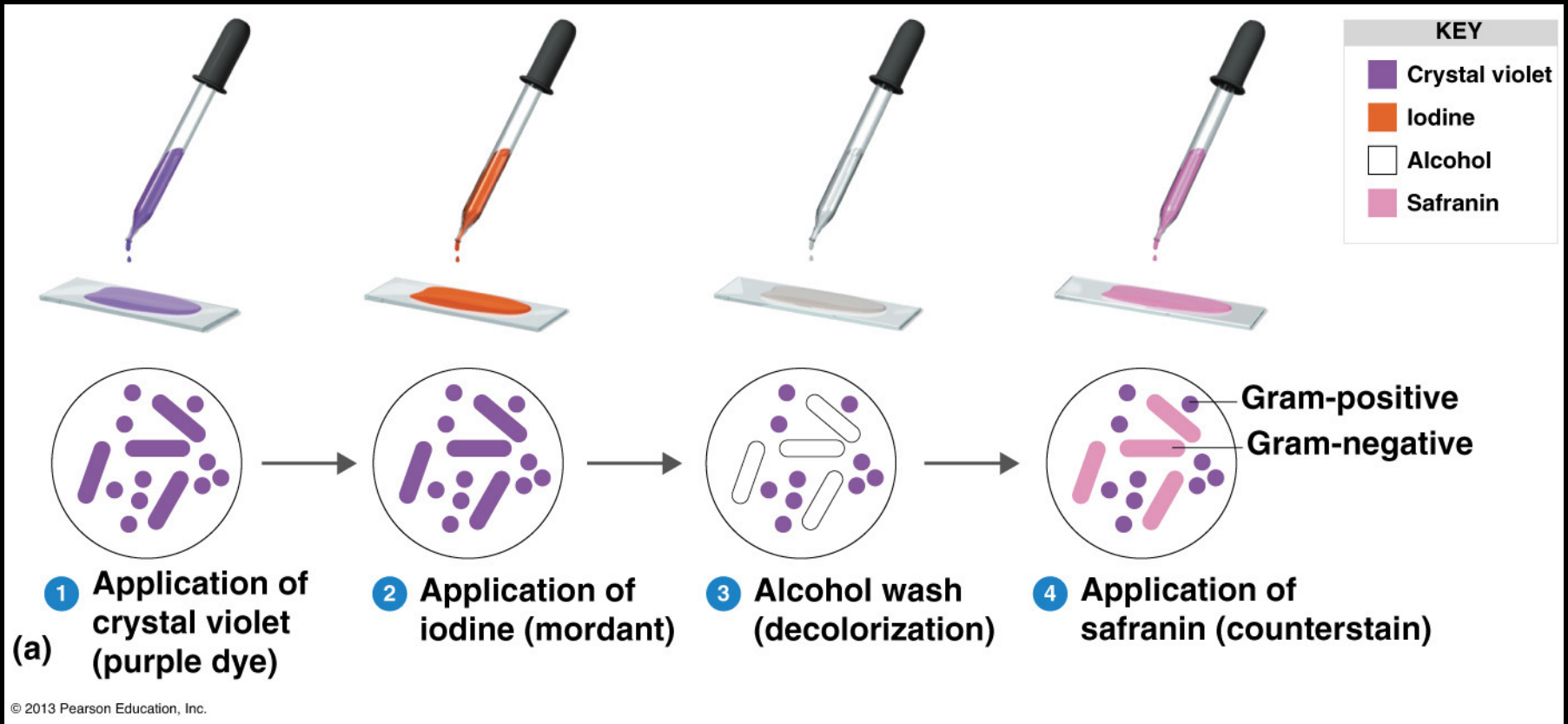
TEM 20  $\mu\text{m}$



(b)

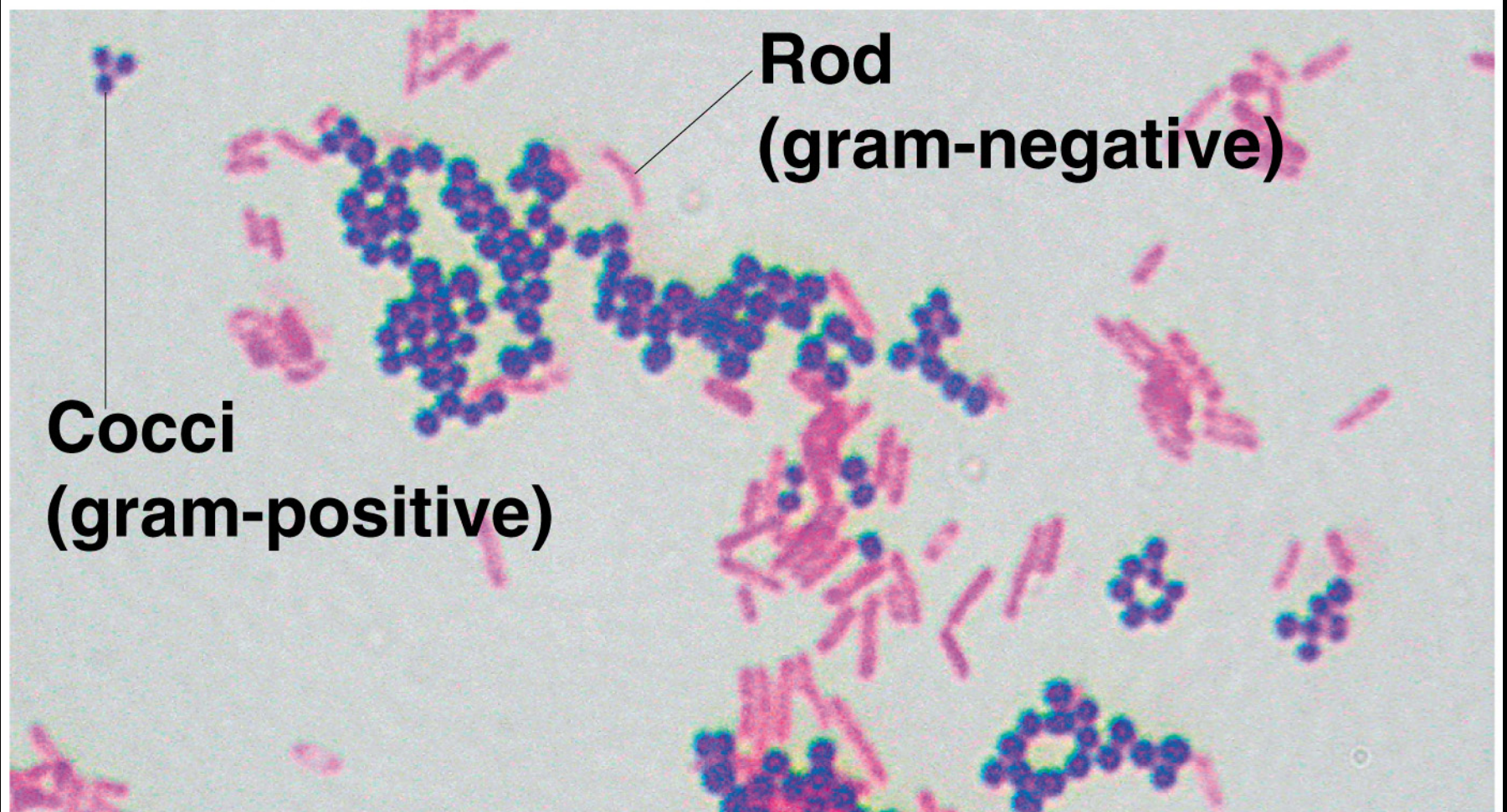
SEM 20  $\mu\text{m}$

# Stains





# Stains



**Cocci  
(gram-positive)**

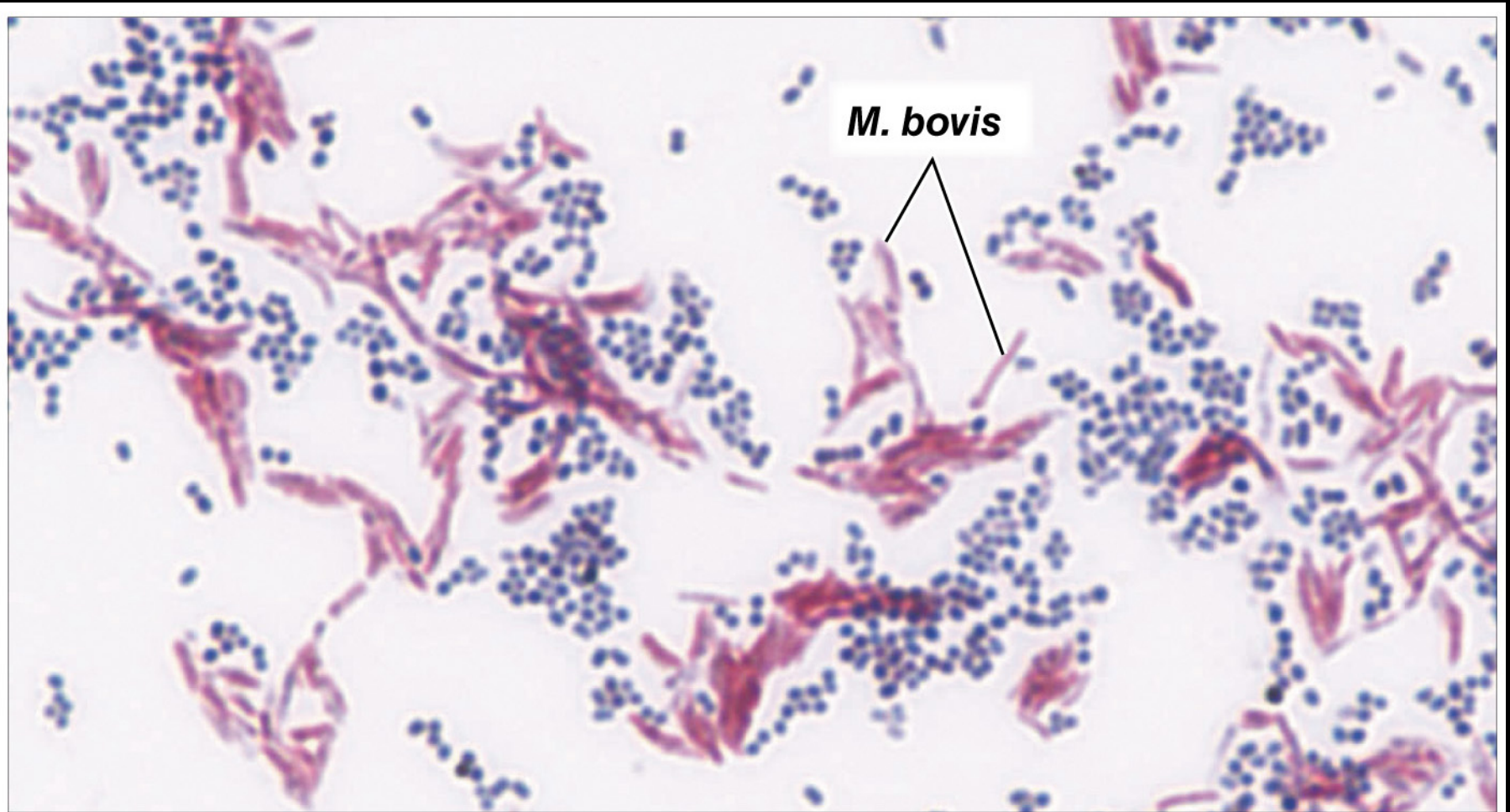
**Rod  
(gram-negative)**

**(b)**

**LM**

**1.5  $\mu\text{m}$**

# Stains

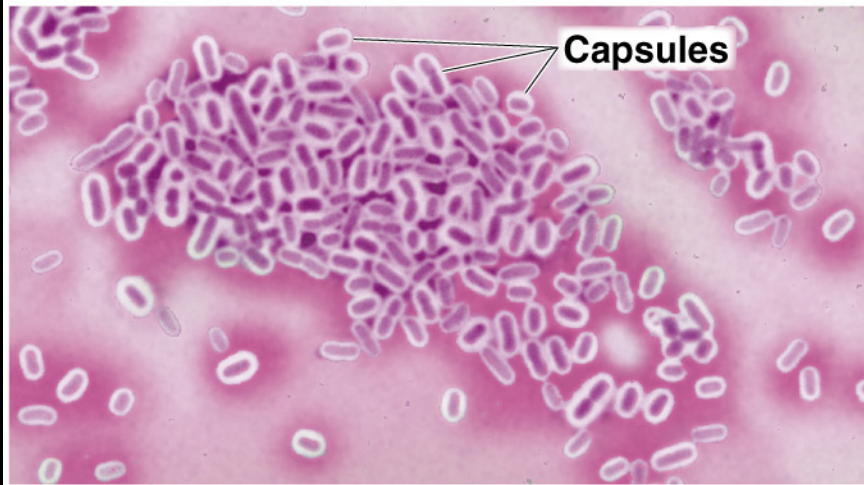


LM

8  $\mu\text{m}$



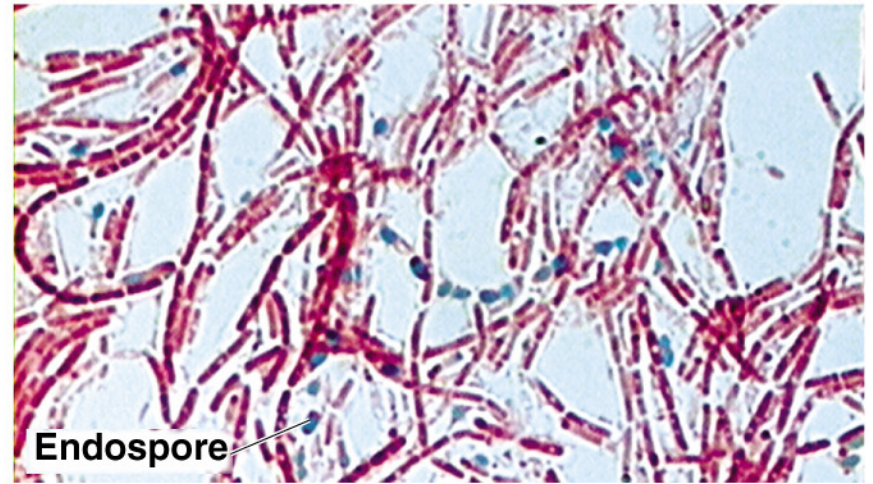
# Stains



Capsules

**(a) Negative staining**

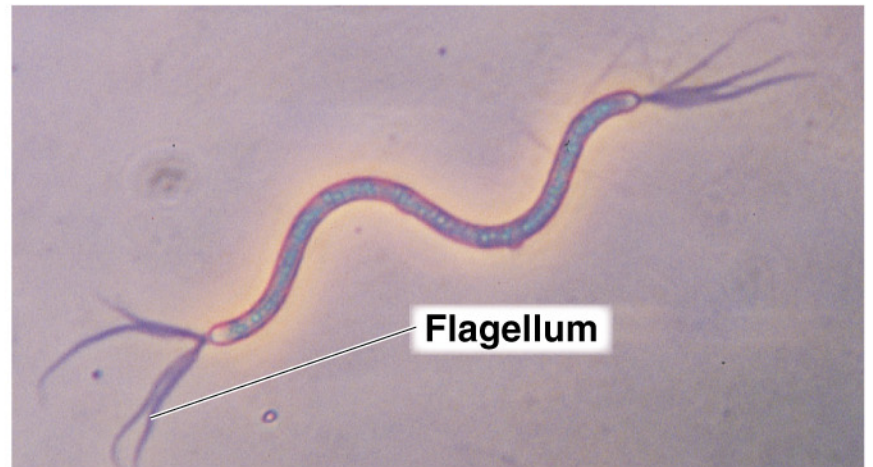
LM 10  $\mu$ m



Endospore

**(b) Endospore staining**

LM 12  $\mu$ m

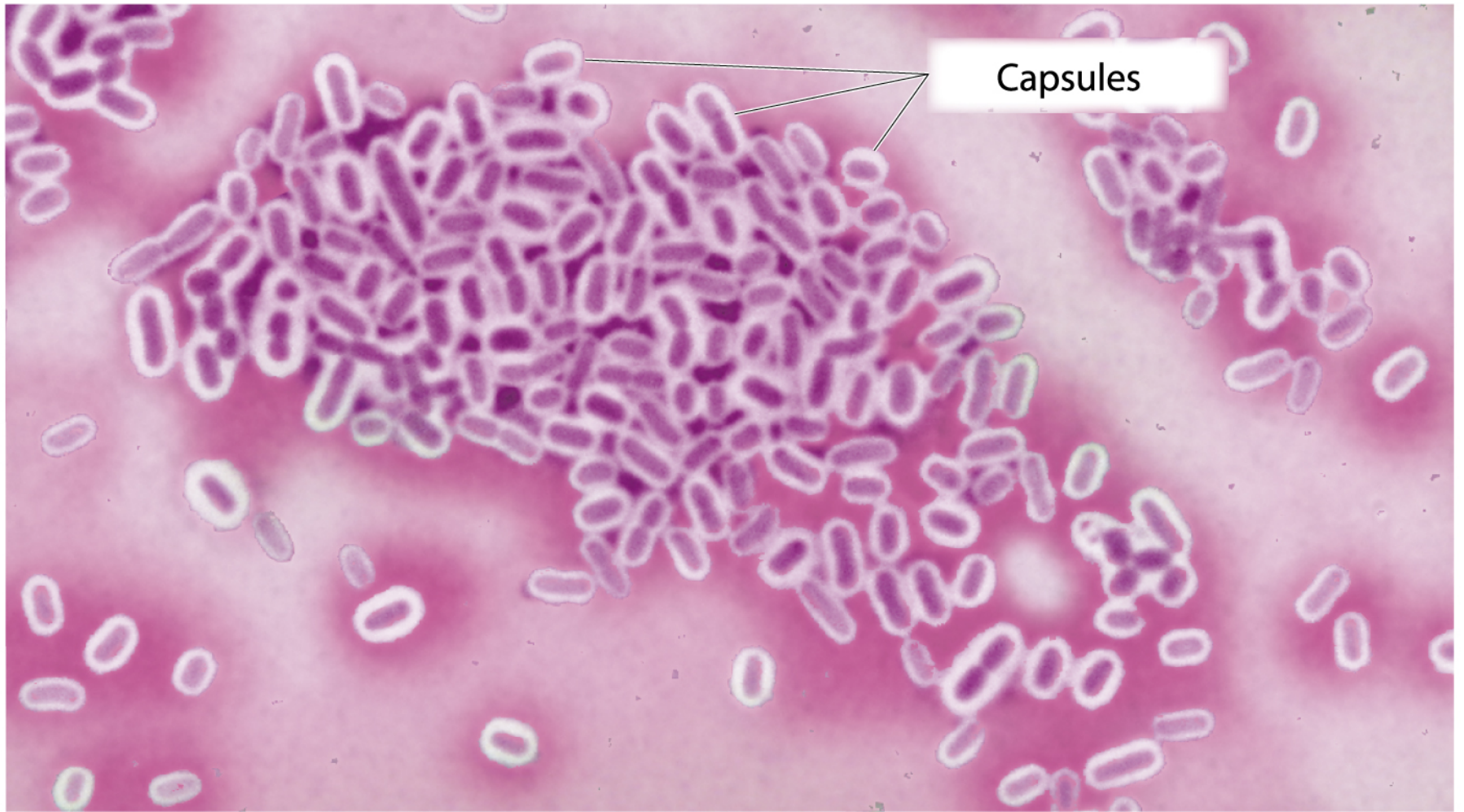


Flagellum

**(c) Flagella staining**

LM 4  $\mu$ m

# Stains



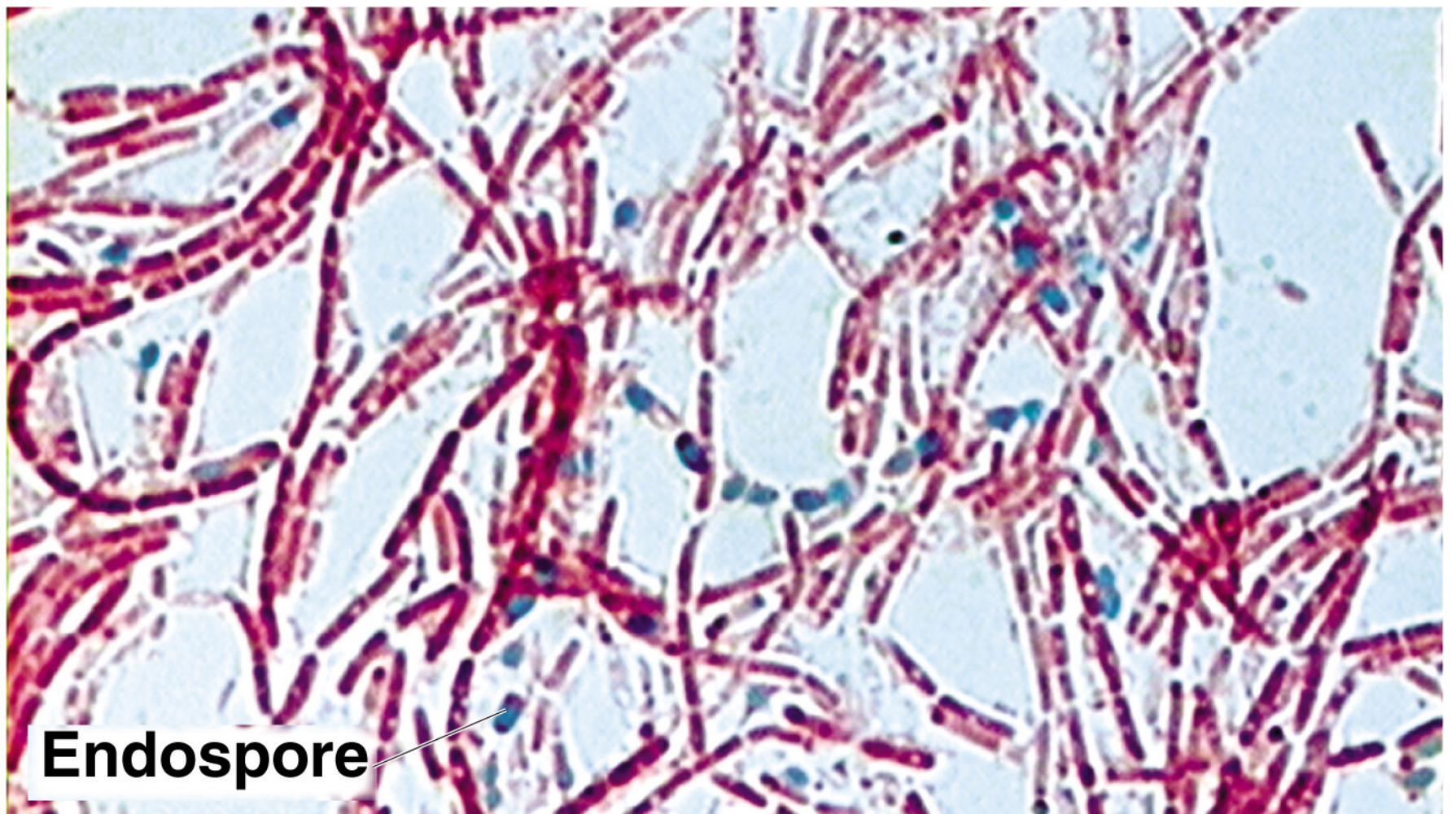
(a) Negative staining

LM

10  $\mu$ m



# Stains



**Endospore**

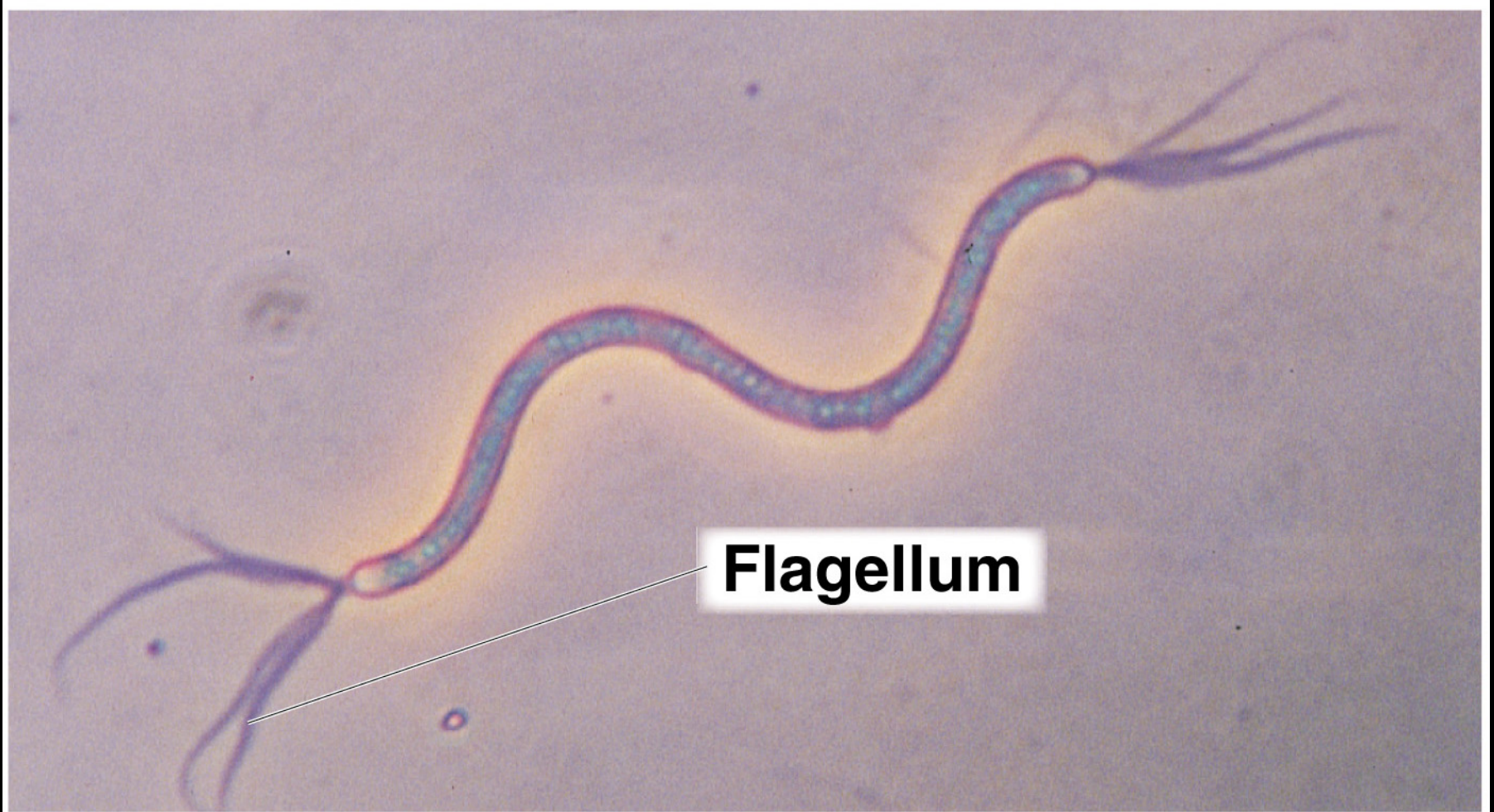
**(b) Endospore staining**

LM

12  $\mu\text{m}$



# Stains



**(c) Flagella staining**

LM

4  $\mu\text{m}$